EARLY INSIGHTS FROM PROJECT 500: SAN FRANCISCO'S HOME VISITING INITIATIVE

Presented at the CWDA Annual Conference October 11, 2018

PROJECT 500 OVERVIEW

• Local initiative developed at the behest of late SF Mayor Edwin Lee

• Seeks to disrupt the intergenerational transfer of poverty by supporting families on the path to self-sufficiency and well-being

• Key program design elements:

- Packages evidence-based/promising service interventions
- Two-generation focus
- Mentoring (i.e., coaching) approach utilizing CalWORKs 2.0 goal-setting tools

• First cohort of families enrolled July 2016

Families Served

• Eligibility: Co-enrolled in CalWORKs and nurse home visiting program; all children in household < age 3

• Caseload: capacity to serve 160 families; 111 currently enrolled; will expand with CWHVI allocation

• Demographics:

- 81% single parent families
- 37% of mothers are age 18-25
- 28% have a primary language other than English
- 38% African-American, 33% Latino, 11% white, 9% API, 9% other

PROGRAM MODEL

- Team-based service model helps families navigate multiple systems of care
- Key partners: Behavioral Health, CalWORKs Eligibility, CalWORKs Employment & Training, Early Care & Education, Child Support
- Program is fully staffed by county employees, but referrals are also made to community-based service providers
- Two home visitors (a nurse and a mentor) assigned at intake to each family
- Mentors utilize a goal-setting framework and use Bridge to Well Being as the primary assessment tool
- Dedicated clinicians provide case consultation to home visitors, offer group services to clients and carry small caseloads
- Staff engage in reflective supervision

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

• Operational metrics

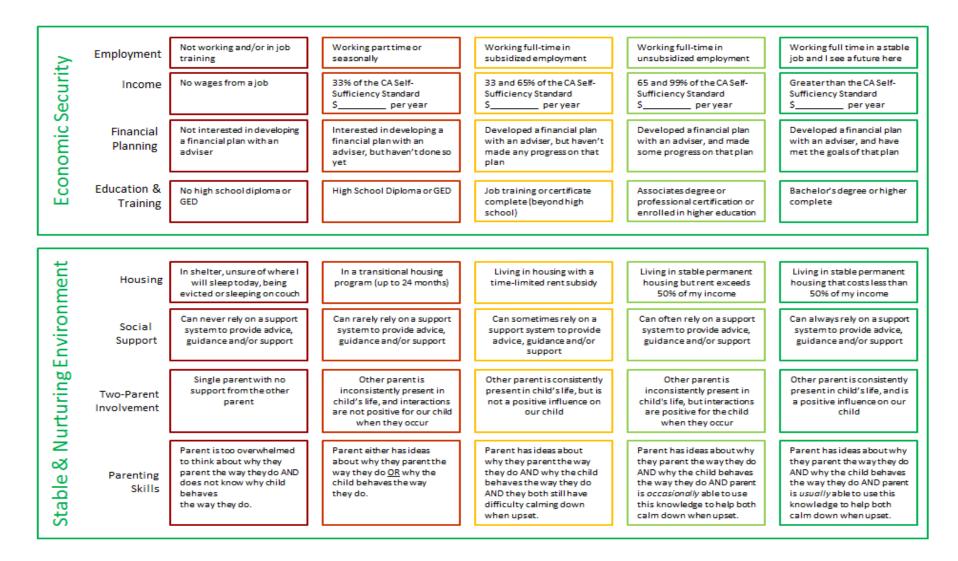
- Program uptake rate; reasons for decline to enroll
- Program retention rate; reasons for exit
- Family demographics
- Caseload sizes; frequency of home visitor contacts
- Referrals from nurse home visiting to CalWORKs and vice versa; other systems integration metrics under development
- Family progress across 13 life domains
 - Employment, income, WTW status, financial management
 - Participation in education/training and educational attainment
 - Use of licensed/quality-rated child care; parental engagement in early learning
 - Social support, parental involvement, parenting skills
 - Health, mental health, safety and housing status

EARLY OUTCOMES

• Family retention is high

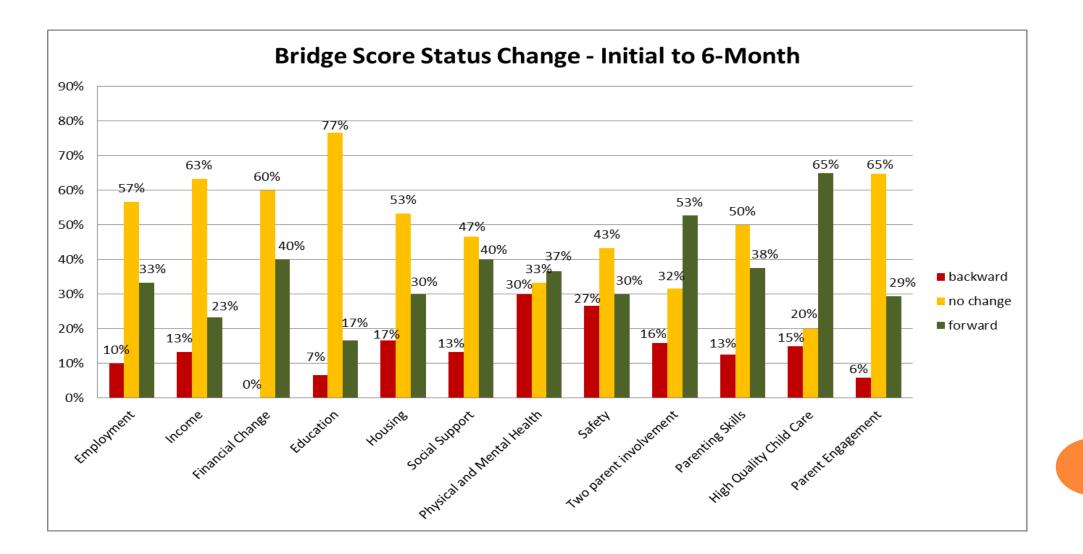
- 20 exits since inception (12 left SF, 4 lost contact, 4 voluntarily exited)
- WTW status: 45% exempt, 28% exited CW, 14% registered, 11% ineligible, 3% sanctioned
- \circ 65% of non-exempt caseload is employed and/or in education
- Of children in care, 58% are in a licensed setting, 32% are in subsidized care with friend/family, 10% are in unsubsidized care
- Families regularly earn financial incentives for progress
- Strong cross-program partnership at management and line staff levels

P500 Bridge to Self-Sufficiency



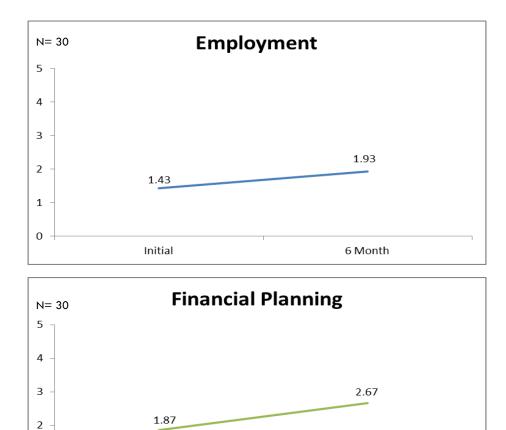
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Bridge Scores Over Time



8

Bridge Scores Over Time



6 Month

1

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Initial



INSIGHTS & LESSONS LEARNED

- Successful cross-program partnerships require persistent effort

 Role clarification at the management and line staff level is key
 Having written case coordination protocols is advised
- CalWORKs and home visiting program may have different "cultures" that need to be bridged
 - Joint training can provide a good foundation for partnership between two or more programs
 - Establish consistent messaging to families across partners
- Use of evidence-based models offers welcome structure but also limits program flexibility

INSIGHTS & LESSONS LEARNED

• If you use CalWORKs staff as your home visitors:

- Expect new service needs to become evident going into people's homes reveals more about their situation than you previously knew
- Think about the different competencies and training your staff may need
- Cross-program data sharing is a must-have but challenging to implement
 - Clearly define what data needs to be shared by whom for what purpose
 - Train all staff on data collection and entry protocols
 - Think through data systems issues; how will case files be updated and viewed by multiple program partners?
- Establishing a continuous improvement process helps facilitate culture change and innovation in service delivery through small scale "incubation" of ideas

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Terri Austin Project 500 Initiative Manager San Francisco Human Services Agency <u>Terri.austin@sfgov.org</u>