Public Safety Realignment Act of 2011 (AB109):
Impacts on San Francisco County

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Executive Director
San Francisco Human Services Agency

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Chief Adult Probation Officer
San Francisco Adult Probation Department

CWDA 2012 Conference
October 3, 2012
San Francisco’s Values

Long-standing commitment to:

• Diversion and alternatives to incarceration
• Collaborative courts
• Rehabilitation
SB 678: California Community Corrections Performance Incentive Act (2009)

- Created the Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) to advise each county on the implementation of community corrections on probation practices
- Provides incentives to counties for using evidence-based practices in probation supervision. Incentives are based on reduction in the number of felony probationers sent to state prison on revocations

As a result, APD received SB 678 incentive grants of $2.187 million in FY 2011/12 and FY 2012/13
Community Corrections Partnership Executive Committee

- Chief Adult Probation Officer (Chair)
- Sheriff
- Chief of Police Department
- Public Defender
- District Attorney
- Director, Department of Public Health

The CCPEC works in close collaboration with the Reentry Council which is comprised of 23 members, including formerly incarcerated individuals, criminal justice partners, and health and social services agencies including the Human Services Agency.
APD’s Response to Realignment

- Creation of Reentry Division, Pre-Release Team, and PRCS / 1170(h) Unit
- Hiring 20 new Deputy Probation Officers
- Community Assessment Services Center
- Partnerships with Service Providers
  - Asian Neighborhood Design – job training
  - Through SFDPH – emergency stabilization housing units
  - SFDPH / BHAC – mental health, substance abuse, case management
  - Through Human Services Agency-Hamilton Family Center – rental subsidies
  - Reentry SF partnership – comprehensive services, job readiness/placement
  - Five Keys Learning Center
- Focus on Motivational Interviewing / Strength-Based Supervision
- Participation in California Risk Assessment Pilot Project (CalRAPP)
- Pre-release risk and needs assessments in jail and prison
- Implementation of COMPAS Risk/Needs Assessment and Individualized Treatment and Rehabilitation Plan
- County Jail Reentry Pod
- SOARING 2 Pilot Project
Realignment Impact on the Department of Public Health

In Fiscal Year 2011-2012 293 participants were referred to DPH:
• 17 presented with a serious mental illness,
• 36 were placed in residential treatment services,
• 44 were placed in outpatient treatment services,
• 16 were placed into stabilization/transitional housing.

73% of these individuals were served outside of Realignment-funded capacity.

Top Primary Care concerns affecting this population:
• High Blood Pressure
• Coronary conditions
• Diabetes
• Hepatitis C
Department of Public Health’s Response to Realignment

In FY2011-12 DPH created a community based spectrum of dedicated services for AB 109 participants:

- residential treatment
- outpatient services
- primary care
- stabilization housing

These services are coordinated through the Realignment Case Management Unit, a constituent program of the Behavioral Health Access Center. The Realignment Case Management Unit provides:

- Care coordination for AB 109 participants including case management
- A high profile portal of entry into the larger DPH system of care
- Immediate access to basic health services, including health screenings, TB testing, medications, and medically supported detox
- Enrollment into Healthy San Francisco, SF PATH, and entitlements
- Toxicology screening

Through regular case conferencing and interface with APD, compliance information is transmitted to individual Deputy Probation Officers

All AB 109 clients in need of primary care medical services are sent to the Transitions Clinic, a primary care clinic exclusively for offenders and ex-offenders re-entering the community
### Public Safety Realignment Funding

**city and county of San Francisco**

**Realignment (AB109) Budget Detail**

**Fiscal Years 2011-12 through 2013-14**

#### Sources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>FY 11-12</th>
<th>FY 12-13</th>
<th>FY 13-14</th>
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<td>AB109 Revenue</td>
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<td>Sheriff</td>
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#### Uses

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<th>FY 11-12</th>
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<th>FY 13-14</th>
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<td>Economic &amp; Workforce Development</td>
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**General Fund Support**

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<td>($6,908,912)</td>
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### APD's Funding for Services

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<td>Mental Health, Substance Treatment, including</td>
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<td>Residential &amp; Outpatient Treatment Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Housing, Transitional Jobs, Financial Empowerment,</td>
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<td>Restorative Justice, Case Management, and</td>
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<td>Mental Health Treatment Services</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,679,680</strong></td>
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San Francisco invested over 32% of state realignment funding received into rehabilitative services and housing.
Risks and Needs of AB109 Clients

Risk Level of PRCS and 1170(h) Clients

Most Common Need Factors

Source: Adult Probation Department, October 2011 – September 14, 2012
Assessments completed by September 14, 2012
Needs of AB109 Clients and San Francisco’s Responses

- Substance Abuse (67%)
- Social Environment (62%)
- Criminal Opportunity (59%)
- Collaborative Courts
- Public Defender
- District Attorney Alternative Sentencing Planner
- Reentry Council
- Reentry Resource Guide
- Child Support Services Workforce Readiness
- Sheriff’s Alternative Programs Reentry Pod (60 days early)
- County Jail
- CDCR
- Pre-Trial Diversion
- Outpatient Inpatient Supportive Housing Case Management
- DPH’s Behavioral Health Access Center
- Human Services Agency
- Office of Economic and Workforce Development
- Community Assessment & Services Center Case management, substance abuse, cognitive behavioral therapy, education, employment, parenting
- Five Keys Charter School
- Private Foundations
- Vocational / Educational (59%)
- Cognitive Behavioral (50%)
- Needs of AB109 Clients and San Francisco’s Responses
Community Assessment and Services Center (CASC)

- The CASC is a new “one-stop” community corrections reentry center that will launch in Spring, 2013. The CASC model tightly blends innovative law enforcement and services into an approach focused on accountability, responsibility and opportunities for long-term change.
- On-site services will include APD supervision of clients, and a wide range of wrap around, support services including a charter school, vocational training, mental health, substance abuse services, and cognitive behavioral groups. Each year the CASC will help 600 unduplicated clients gain the self sufficiency they need to live independent and crime-free lives.
- The prospective facility is a 17,500 square foot site that is comprised of two floors. APD supervision will be located on the 2nd floor, and will have a separate entrance. CASC services and classrooms will be located on the first and second floor.
- The new site will be home to almost 30 APD staff, and will have designated space for public sector and community partners.
- Partnership is essential to CASC vitality. APD has contracted with Leader’s in Community Alternatives, a criminal justice services provider to oversee on-site support services delivery. Other key partners will include the San Francisco Human Services Agency (HSA), the Department of Public Health (PDH), the San Francisco Department of Child Support Services, the California Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV), and the US Social Security Administration, and a range of experienced community based organizations.
- The CASC partnership with HSA will create a streamlined pathway for eligible criminal justice involved individuals to get access to various cash aid, food and nutrition, and medical services benefits. The CASC will serve as bridge between HSA and other benefits administering entities, and will help individuals navigate bureaucratic hurdles so they can get access to the breadth of available benefits.
- As individuals become more stable and healthy, they are less likely to return to criminal or violent lifestyles.
- The CASC will help clients confront their addictions, criminal thinking, and harmful behaviors, and become more self sufficient. Recidivism is reduced, and public safety is improved in the process.
Questions?
For more questions and comments, contact:

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